Tailgate/Toolbox Topics



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High Voltage Overhead Lines

Many workers in both construction and agriculture face a common safety hazard: electrical contact with high voltage overhead lines. Every year they are killed or disabled after accidentally coming in contact with the lines.

What precautions can you take to avoid this type of accident?

What does the law — <u>California Code of Regulations</u> — say about this hazard?

Safe Work Practices

Several safety orders deal with requirements for safe work practices around high voltage overhead lines. When these orders are followed, almost all accidents involving high voltage lines are prevented.

- Electrical Safety Order 2946 (b) (4) prohibits storage of irrigation pipe or long metal poles near high voltage overhead lines if they are long enough to reach the lines. In one year, 80 percent of the electrocution deaths of California agricultural workers occurred when the irrigation pipes they were handling came in contact with overhead lines.
- Electrical Safety Order 2946 outlines the requirements for prevention of accidents due to nearness of overhead lines. Workers must be guarded against the danger of accidental contact with overhead lines. With certain exceptions, work done over live (power on) overhead lines is against the law. Section 2946 also prohibits doing work within 6 feet of lines carrying between 600 and 50,000 volts.

Do not store tools, machinery, and equipment near live high voltage overhead lines if it is possible for them to come within the minimum clearance of 6 feet when they are being moved or used.

When moving boom-type equipment with boom lowered and no load attached, keep the end of the boom at least 6 feet away from high voltage lines. When operating boom-type lifting or hoisting equipment, the minimum clearance is 10 feet when the overhead line is carrying between 600 and 50,000 volts.

This warning sign should be posted on the equipment, in clear view of the operator:

UNLAWFUL TO OPERATE THIS EQUIPMENT WITHIN 10 FEET OF HIGH VOLTAGE LINES OF 50,000 VOLTS OR LESS.

The following statement must be printed on the sign in smaller lettering:

FOR MINIMUM CLEARANCE OF HIGH-VOLTAGE LINES IN EXCESS OF 50,000 VOLTS, SEE ARTICLE 86, TITLE 8, HIGH-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL SAFETY ORDERS.

If you don't know whether an overhead line is live, assume that it is until whoever owns or operates the line verifies that the power is not on.

If you are working near a dead (power off) line, make sure it is clearly grounded at the worksite. A grounded line has a grounding wire clamped to it, with the other end clamped to either the structure or a grounding rod.

Metal Fruit-picking Poles

Use of metal poles for fruit picking or nut harvesting is a violation of General Industry Safety Order 3455.

Discussion Questions

Is there danger on this job site of coming into contact with high voltage overhead lines?

What can be done to prevent such contact?

Are the requirements of the safety orders being followed on this site?

If not, how are they being violated?